

Standing Order for Administering Varicella Vaccine (Pediatric)

Purpose: To reduce morbidity and mortality from varicella virus (VAR) infection by vaccinating all individuals who meet the criteria established by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP), the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) product labeling, and the Department of Defense (DoD).

Policy: Under this standing order, eligible health care professionals working within their scope of practice may vaccinate patients who meet the criteria below.

Procedure:

1. Identify individuals 12 months – 17 years in need of vaccination against VAR based on the [following criteria](#):
 - No documented evidence of VAR immunity, which is:
 - Receipt of 2 doses of VAR-containing vaccine at ≥ 12 months of age and at the age- appropriate interval (see #4)
 - Laboratory evidence of immunity or disease
 - Diagnosis or verification of a history of varicella or herpes zoster disease by a licensed healthcare provider
2. Using [DD Form 3110](#), screen all patients for contraindications and precautions to VAR vaccine:

Contraindications:

- History of a serious reaction (e.g., anaphylaxis) after a previous dose of VAR vaccine or to a vaccine component, to include gelatin and neomycin. For information on vaccine components, refer to the [package insert](#) or [The CDC Pink Book Appendix B](#).
- Active untreated tuberculosis or febrile illness $> 101.3^{\circ}\text{F}$ / $> 38.5^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Immunosuppression (e.g., cancer or malignant neoplasms, immunosuppressive therapy [to include prolonged high-dose steroid therapy], etc.)
- HIV infection with severe immunosuppression (e.g., CD4+ T-lymphocyte count of < 200 cells per microliter or $< 15\%$)
- Pregnancy, or may become pregnant in the next 30 days:
- Although the package insert recommends avoiding conception for 3 months, ACIP Best Practices advise that waiting 1 month after vaccination before conception is sufficient.
- Congenital or hereditary immunodeficiency in 1st degree relatives unless immune competence of the potential vaccine recipient has been clinically verified by a laboratory

Precautions:

- Moderate or severe acute illness with or without fever
- Recent (≤ 11 months) receipt of an antibody-containing blood product
- Receipt of specific antiviral drugs (acyclovir, famciclovir, or valacyclovir) 24 hours before vaccination. Avoid use of these drugs for ≥ 14 days after vaccination.
- Simultaneous use of aspirin or aspirin-containing products. Avoid use of these drugs for ≥ 6 weeks after vaccination.
- Alpha-gal allergy: may wish to consult their PCM before receiving a vaccine that contains gelatin

- Syncope (fainting) can occur in association with administration of injectable vaccines. Have procedures in place to avoid a falling injury (e.g., 15-minute observation after administration) and to restore cerebral perfusion following syncope.
 - For questions or concerns, consider consulting the DHA Immunization Healthcare Support Center at (877) 438-8222, Option 1 or DSN 761-4245.
3. Provide all patients (or their parent/legal representative) with a copy of the most current federal [Vaccine Information Statement \(VIS\)](#). You must document, in the patient's medical record, the publication date of the VIS and the date it was given to the patient (parent/legal representative). Provide non-English speaking patients with a copy of the VIS in their native language, if available and preferred.
4. Provide VAR vaccine as follows:
- A 2-dose series recommended at ages 12-15 months and 4-6 years
 - Minimum intervals:
 - Age 12 months - 12 years: ≥ 3 months
 - Doses inadvertently given ≥ 4 weeks may be counted as valid
 - Age ≥ 13 years: ≥ 4 weeks
 - Administer 0.5 mL of VAR vaccine subcutaneously (SC) or intramuscularly (IM) according to Tables 1 & 2:

TABLE 1. SC Needle Length and Injection Site Guide	
Use a 5/8 inch 23 – 25-gauge needle	
Patient Age	Injection Site
Children/Adolescents (≥ 12 months)	Fatty tissue over triceps*
	Fatty tissue over anterolateral thigh

Adapted from General Best Practice Guidelines for Immunization: Vaccine Administration. <https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/general-recs/administration.html>

* Preferred site

TABLE 2. IM Needle Length and Injection Site Guide		
Use a 22 – 25-gauge needle. Choose needle gauge and length appropriate to the patient's age		
Patient Age	Needle Length	Injection Site
Toddlers (1-2 years)	1-1.25 inch (25-32 mm)	Anterolateral thigh*
	5/8†-1 inch (16-25 mm)	Deltoid muscle of arm
Children (3-10 years)	5/8†-1 inch (16-25 mm)	Deltoid muscle of arm*
	1-1.25 inches (25-32 mm)	Anterolateral thigh
Children/Adolescents (11-18 years)	5/8†-1 inch (16-25 mm)	Deltoid muscle of arm*
	1-1.5 inches (25-38 mm)	Anterolateral thigh

Adapted from General Best Practice Guidelines for Immunization: Vaccine Administration. <https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/general-recs/administration.html>

* Preferred site.

† If skin is stretched tightly and subcutaneous tissues are not bunched.

5. Document all immunizations administered in the patient's electronic health record and the appropriate immunization tracking system. Include date, immunization given, dose, anatomical location of administration, lot number, manufacturer, Vaccine Information Sheet (VIS) date, and the identification of the person administering the vaccine. If vaccine was not given, record the reason for non-receipt.
6. Be prepared to manage a medical emergency related to the administration of vaccines by having a written emergency medical protocol available, as well as equipment and medications.
7. Adverse events occurring after administration of any vaccine should be reported to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS) online at <https://vaers.hhs.gov>. Additional information about VAERS is also available by telephone (800-822-7967).
8. This standing order shall remain in effect for all patients of the _____ until rescinded and/or upon a change in the Medical Director, whichever is earlier.

Medical Director's Signature

Date